

# School Assessment Plan 2020-2021

## Grades K-6

*October 16, 2020*

### **Montrose School**

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## School Assessment Plan 2020-2021, Grades K-9

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At Edmonton Public Schools, we're committed to transforming the learners of today into the leaders of tomorrow. One of the ways we help all students be successful is by always improving the way we assess and evaluate what students learn. We also want to improve how we report back to you about how your child is doing at school. This guide will help you understand:

- responsibilities of staff, students and parents/guardians;
- how we will tell you about your child's progress and learning;
- how we assign grades/marks to your child;
- how your child is assessed; and
- the steps we take if your child's work is missing or not finished.

### What is assessment?

In this guide, we use the terms assessment and evaluation to describe what students have learned, and how well they have learned it. Assessment and evaluation aren't just about tests and grades.

Assessment means gathering information about what your child knows, understands and can show the teacher based on the Alberta programs of study (curriculum) or their Individualized Program Plan (IPP). Teachers can't use your child's behaviour, effort and work habits to decide on their grades/marks, unless that's outlined in the Alberta programs of study for a specific subject.

To find out where your child is at in their learning, teachers use many tools. Conversations, observations and student work are just some of the ways teachers discover students' strengths and where they might need extra help. These activities – conversations, observations and the products students create – help teachers shape their lesson plans. They even guide *how* they'll explain a concept, to help every student meet their learning goals. The activities also help inform the teacher's understanding so that they may assign each student a grade, course or level of programming. All of this allows teachers to give you a clear and accurate picture of your child's progress in school.

### How to support your child's learning

As a parent or guardian, you are your child's first teacher. So, understanding how your child is doing in school is important. Read this guide, and contact the school or make an appointment to see your child's teacher or principal if you have any questions.

## Supporting Student Success

We all have a role to play in helping your child be successful.

### **You can support your child's learning by:**

- working in partnership with school staff;
- providing a quiet place for your child to study at home;
- staying informed and keeping in touch with school staff. This includes reading newsletters and other school materials; and
- going to parent-teacher conferences.

### **Teachers will help your child succeed by:**

- providing programming that's suitable for your child;
- providing many opportunities and different ways for students to show what they know;
- giving students who've missed important assessments and activities the chance to complete the work;
- clearly explaining what's expected of students in all courses and how student work will be graded/marked (i.e., course outline);
- keeping detailed, accurate notes describing your child's successes and challenges;
- communicating with you regularly about your child's progress and achievement; and
- providing opportunities for you to be involved in your child's learning.

### **Students have a responsibility for their own learning and are expected to:**

- come to school every day and on time;
- finish their assignments, projects and tasks to the best of their ability;
- participate in activities to celebrate learning;
- show that they're learning; and
- take advantage of chances to revise or redo assignments or tests so they can show growth in their knowledge and skills.

## Our Communication Plan for Reporting Progress

There are many ways we help you stay informed about your child's learning throughout the year. We encourage you to review your child's reports and attend conferences regularly.

### Reporting Periods:

Quarter 1: September 3, 2020 to November 10, 2020

Quarter 2: November 16, 2020 to January 29, 2021

Quarter 3: February 1, 2021 to April 20, 2021

Quarter 4: April 21, 2021 to June 29, 2021

### Interim and Formal Progress Reports Issued:

November 10, 2020 – interim progress report

January 29, 2021 – formal progress report

April 20, 2021 – interim progress report

June 29, 2021 – formal progress report

Reports will be uploaded electronically to Schoolzone at each reporting period. Paper copies can be made available to parents upon request.

**Interim Student Reports:** (\*The term *interim student report* refers to the report generated through the use of the Individual Student Report Module in Grade Book.)

Not applicable

### Conferences:

Schools must establish **two** formal **online** parent-teacher conferences within the school year. These conferences are to be scheduled for the first and third quarter reporting periods.

October 29, 2020 - Parent Conferences (via google meet or phone call)

April 1, 2021 - Celebration of Learning

**Individualized Program Plans (IPPs):** for students who need specialized services and supports, the IPP is a working document that is developed within the first two months of the school year. It is a record of your child's progress related to specific goals and strategies. It gives you confirmation that your child's needs are being addressed and provides information about accommodations and supports your child needs to succeed. The IPP is reviewed at least three times a year. We expect you and your child (as appropriate) to provide input into the IPP.

IPP planning conversations and information gathering will take place in September and October, 2020. IPPs will be ready for signature by November 10, 2020.

IPP review dates will align with Report dates: Initial review - November 10, 2020, first review - January 29th, second review - April 20, 2021, and the final review - June 29, 2021. IPPs are uploaded to SchoolZone, and paper copies will be distributed to families. Kindergarten IPPs are adapted as a result of the EYE (Early Years Evaluation). Kindergarten IPPs will be completed by the end of November, 2020.

**English as a Second Language (ESL) Proficiency Assessments:** for students learning English, ESL Proficiency Assessments measure English abilities in four areas: listening, speaking, reading and writing. Teachers use a variety of tools each year to help them plan lessons and communicate with you about your child's progress in learning English.

Each teacher completes ESL Proficiency Benchmarks. Teachers use the information to assist with programming for student success. This information and student progress in English Language learning will be communicated on the progress reports.

**Early Years Evaluation Teacher Assessment (EYE-TA):** is used to assess the developmental strengths and areas for growth of children as they enter kindergarten and as a tool to identify children who may require specialized services and supports. For the 2020-2021 school year, the EYE-TA is administered to all Kindergarten children registered for in-person learning in the fall and again in the spring for those children identified as requiring Tier 2 or Tier 3 support or who are new to the Division. For students who chose the online learning option, the EYE-TA will not be administered.

The results of the EYE-TA will be shared with parents/guardians conferences during the week of November 30 - December 4, 2020. A written progress report is not required in the fall for children enrolled in kindergarten. Parents/guardians of kindergarten children will receive one interim progress report and two formal progress reports to document learning.

## Grades/Marks and Codes

To decide on your child's grade/mark at the end of a reporting period, teachers use evidence of what your child has learned and their professional judgment.

At Montrose School, student grades/marks are reported using descriptors (i.e. a 'B' is reported as meeting the grade level outcomes at a proficient level).

Exemplary – A (80 - 100%)	Proficient – B (65 - 79%)	Adequate – C (50 - 64%)	Limited – D (0 - 49%)
<i>(Adapted from Alberta programs of study)</i>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Learning goals are met in an astute and comprehensive way.</li> <li>Assignments are well crafted, organized in a purposeful fashion, and demonstrate attention to precise details.</li> <li>Demonstrates an in-depth understanding and degree of skill on summative assessments.</li> <li>Has assembled an in-depth understanding of the concepts, generalizations and skills fundamental to the program.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Learning goals are met in a practical and thorough way.</li> <li>Assignments are complete, organized in a competent fashion, and demonstrate attention to relevant details.</li> <li>Demonstrates a substantial understanding and degree of skill on summative assessments.</li> <li>Has assembled a thorough understanding of the concepts, generalizations and skills fundamental to the program.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Learning goals are met in an appropriate and reasonable way.</li> <li>Assignments are generally complete, organized in an acceptable fashion, and demonstrate attention to predictable details.</li> <li>Demonstrates a satisfactory understanding and degree of skill on summative assessments.</li> <li>Has assembled a basic understanding of the concepts, generalizations and skills fundamental to the program.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Student has demonstrated insufficient performance in relation to learner outcomes.</li> </ul>

**Grade Level of Programming:** GLP shows the current grade level at which a student is being taught. This is usually the same grade in which a student is enrolled. GLP appears on each progress report for English and French language arts, math, science and social studies. GLP also appears for language arts in the target language in bilingual programs.

**Division-Approved End-of-Quarter and End-of-Course Codes for Grades 1 to 9:** On your child's progress report, a teacher may use these Division codes for end-of-quarter and/or end-of-course grades/marks.

<b>IEA</b>	Insufficient Evidence Available	IEA is used only as an <b>end-of-quarter</b> code when a teacher does not have enough evidence about a student's progress to give a grade/mark at the end of a quarter. IEA is <b>not</b> used as a final course code.
<b>NGC</b>	Not on Graded Curriculum	NGC is used only as an <b>end-of-quarter</b> code when a student, identified as having special education needs, is not on the graded curriculum and is issued a progress report. It is also used when a student in Grade 1 or 2 is continuing to work toward learning outcomes in the Kindergarten Program Statement. A student with an <b>end-of-quarter</b> code of NGC will have a GLP of <1.
<b>CMU</b>	Course Mark Unavailable	CMU is used only at the <b>end of a course</b> when a student has a code of IEA in at least one quarter. CMU indicates that a teacher does not have enough evidence over an entire course to give a final grade/mark.

		<p>CMU may also be used at the <b>end of a course</b> when a student has a code of NGC in at least one quarter.</p> <p>CMU may also be used as an <b>end-of-quarter</b> code for courses that are completed at the end of that quarter (i.e., Junior High option courses).</p>
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## How We Determine Student Grades/Marks

At Edmonton Public Schools, we determine grades in a variety of ways.

### Formative Assessments

Throughout the year, your child will work on many activities that help them increase what they know and practice their skills. These activities show your child's teacher how they are doing, what their strengths are and where they can improve in relation to the Alberta programs of study. This is called formative assessment.

Teachers use this information to adjust their teaching, give your child feedback to help them improve and prepare your child for times when they will receive grades.

### Summative Assessments

During the school year, your child will have a chance to show what they have learned in relation to the Alberta programs of study. Using their judgment as professionals, teachers make decisions and give grades to your child. They base these decisions on what they've seen your child do (observations), discussions they've had with your child (conversations) and the work your child has completed (products).

### Missing or Incomplete Student Work

Principals must make sure that teachers communicate with parents/guardians promptly and regularly about missing or incomplete student work. This is outlined in Administrative Regulation [GKB.AR – Standards for Evaluation](#), section 4:

4. *Principals must work with their teachers to comply with the following:*
  - a. *evidence of student achievement has been collected by the teacher;*
  - b. *communication plans for reporting student achievement and growth to parents/guardians are developed and aligned with school-wide assessment and intervention plans;*
  - c. *a student has been given multiple opportunities and ways to demonstrate his/her learning;*
  - d. *follow up has occurred to determine the reason when a summative assessment item (assignment, test, project, etc.) is missing or incomplete, and that opportunities for the student to fulfill the requirement of the summative assessment item (assignment, test, project, etc.) are provided;*
  - e. *if the student continues to be unsuccessful, the student/parents/guardians will be informed and the teacher will solicit a solution in consultation with the student's parents/guardians to hold the student accountable and/or plan for further learning;*
  - f. *teachers will engage in on-going, timely communication with parents/guardians/students and the principal regarding missing or incomplete work; and*
  - g. *providing 4. b–f have been followed, the teacher can assign the student a mark of zero for that missed summative assessment item (assignment, test, project, etc.).*

When your child has missing or incomplete work, we will use the following strategies to offer support: contact with the parents/guardians, drop in support (recess/lunch time/before and after school), contract between the teacher and student, one-on-one/small group support, student in-class buddy, and peer tutoring. Teachers may utilize other strategies for support, as is necessary and appropriate for the student and situation.

## The Role of Homework

Homework is meant to:

- help support your child's learning;
- reinforce what your child learned in school; and
- give your child more practice.

At Montrose School, our homework policies include reasonable learning activities that support children's learning in literacy and numeracy. These include opportunities to complete unfinished class work, finishing projects, catching up on missed work due to absences, reviewing and preparing for tests. Some examples include: home reading, weekly word practice, math practice, and reviewing and preparing for assessments.

Homework routines and expectations are communicated via communication book, google classroom, and/or SchoolZone.

## Academic Integrity

Cheating is not acceptable. This includes plagiarism (copying someone else's work and passing it off as your own), copying, stealing tests or assignments and getting answers for a test or assignment in advance. Cheating also includes giving answers or work to others to claim as their own.

If your child is suspected of plagiarism or cheating, school administration will meet with them and take action in accordance with Administrative Regulation [HG.AR – Student Behaviour and Conduct](#).

## Grades/Marks Appeal Process

To appeal the grade/mark your child has been given, contact the classroom teacher. If you can't resolve the appeal with the teacher, the principal will make a decision and explain it to you. The principal's decision is final. A principal's authority to do this is set out in the [Education Act](#).

## The Role of Large Scale Tests

The **Highest Level of Achievement Test (HLAT)** measures students' writing skills compared with the Alberta programs of study in English language arts and French language arts. It shows teachers in each school how well their students are doing, and how they compare to students across the Division.

### Who takes the HLAT?

- students in Grades 1 to 9 in English language arts
- students in Grades 2 to 9 in French Immersion
- students in Grades 8 and 9 in Late French Immersion

The HLAT administration dates will be posted on SchoolZone. This year, the HLAT will be administered during the week of April 19-23, 2021.

The **Math Intervention/Programming Instrument (MIPI)** measures students' knowledge of the previous year's math curriculum. It shows teachers how well students understand different math concepts so they can identify appropriate programming for students.

### Who takes the MIPI?

- students in Grades 2 to 10 (optional for Grade 3 classes that are administering the Student Learning Assessments)

The MIPI will be administered before September 30, 2020.

The **Provincial Achievement Tests (PATs)** measure how well students are learning what they are expected to learn. Results are shared publicly to show how Alberta students are doing, compared to provincial standards. Results from PATs help schools, school authorities and the province monitor and improve student learning.

#### Who takes the PAT?

- Students in Grades 6 and 9.
- The administration of PATs for the 2020-21 school year is limited to foundational subjects – English Language Arts, Mathematics, and French Language Arts/Français.
- PATs for grades 6 and 9 can be held if in-school classes are available.

The PAT schedule will be posted on SchoolZone.

While PATs are an important part of determining student growth and achievement, they are just one part of the assessment process.

According to [Alberta Education](#):

*PATs are only one of many ways to evaluate student learning and are not meant to replace day-to-day teacher observations and classroom assessment. They are sources of information that must be interpreted, used and communicated within the context of regular and continuous assessment by classroom teachers.*

The Alberta government expects us to report the scores from Grades 6 and 9 PATs. We will report the results to students and parents/guardians in the following way: progress report comments on the final report in June, 2021.