



School Assessment Plan 2022-2023

Grade 7 to Grade 9

September 2022

Steele Heights School

14607 59 Street, Edmonton, AB T5A 1Y3

Phone: 780-478-5319

Email: steele@epsb.ca

Website: steele.epsb.ca

Principal: Nick Diederichs

Updated: September 12th, 2022

School Assessment Plan 2022–2023, Kindergarten to Grade 9

At Edmonton Public Schools, we're committed to success, one student at a time. One of the ways we help all students be successful is by always improving the way we assess and evaluate what students learn. We also want to improve how we report back to you about how your child is doing at school.

This guide will help you understand:

- responsibilities of staff, students and parents/guardians.
- how we will tell you about your child's progress and learning.
- how we assign grades/marks to your child.
- how your child is assessed.
- the steps we take if your child's work is missing or not finished.

What is assessment?

In this plan, we use the term assessment to describe the process of determining what students have learned, and how well they have learned it. Assessment is not just about tests and grades.

Assessment means gathering information about what your child knows, understands and is able to do based on the Alberta programs of study (curriculum) or their Individualized Program Plan (IPP). Teachers cannot base grades/marks on your child's behaviour, effort and work habits unless those behaviours are outlined in the Alberta programs of study for a specific subject.

To find out where your child is at in their learning, teachers use many tools. Conversations, observations and student work are just some of the ways teachers determine students' strengths and where they might need extra help. These activities—conversations, observations and the products students create—help teachers shape their lesson plans. They guide *how* they can help every student meet their learning goals. The activities also help inform the teacher's understanding when making decisions about grade level of programming, course recommendations or grades/marks. The collection of observations, conversations and student work allows teachers to give you a clear and accurate picture of your child's progress in school.

How to support your child's learning

As a parent or guardian, you are your child's first teacher. So, understanding how your child is doing in school is important. Read this guide, and contact the school or make an appointment to see your child's teacher or principal if you have any questions.

Supporting Student Success

We all have a role to play in helping your child be successful.

You can support your child's learning by:

- working in partnership with school staff.
- providing a quiet place for your child to study at home.
- staying informed and keeping in touch with school staff. This includes reading newsletters and other school materials.
- going to parent-teacher conferences.

Teachers will help your child succeed by:

- providing programming that's suitable for your child.
- providing many opportunities and different ways for students to show what they know.
- giving students who've missed important assessments and activities the chance to complete the work.
- clearly explaining what's expected of students in all courses and how student work will be graded/marked (i.e., course outline).
- keeping detailed, accurate notes describing your child's successes and challenges.
- communicating with you regularly about your child's progress and achievement.
- providing opportunities for you to be involved in your child's learning.

Students have a responsibility for their own learning and are expected to:

- come to school every day and on time.
- finish their assignments, projects and tasks to the best of their ability.
- participate in activities to celebrate learning.
- show that they're learning.
- take advantage of chances to revise or redo assignments or tests so they can show growth in their knowledge and skills.

Our Communication Plan for Reporting Progress

There are many ways we help you stay informed about your child's learning throughout the year. We encourage you to review your child's reports and attend conferences regularly.

Reporting Periods

Term 1: September 1st, 2022 to December 2nd, 2022

Term 2: December 3rd, 2022 to March 24th, 2023

Term 3 March 25th, 2023 to June 27th, 2023

Progress Reports Issued

Progress Report 1 - December 1st, 2022

Progress Report 2 - March 23rd, 2023

Progress Report 3 - June 27th, 2023

Individual Student Reports

Interim reports will be issued electronically through SchoolZone on: November 28th, 2022, March 20th, 2023, June 26th, 2023. If a parent is unable to access reports electronically and requires a hard copy of the interim reports or progress reports, please communicate this by contacting our office by email or by phone. Hard copies of the reports will be available for pick up on the issue days specified above. Teachers and school administration will monitor student and/or parent access to progress reports on SchoolZone.

Conferences

Schools must establish at least two formal parent-teacher conferences per school year.

Parent Teacher Conferences #1 will take place October 19th and 20th, 2022

Parent Teacher Conferences #2 will take place February 15th, 2023

Appointments will be scheduled using the Conference Manager. Meets will occur using Google Meets as the web based video conferencing platform. If parents are unable to connect via Google Meets, teachers will connect with parents through a telephone call at their request.

Individualized Program Plans (IPPs)

For students who need specialized services and supports, the IPP is a working document that is developed within the first two months of the school year. It is a record of your child's progress related to specific goals and strategies. It gives you confirmation that your child's needs are being addressed and provides information about accommodations and supports your child needs to succeed. The IPP is reviewed at least three times a year. We expect you and your child (as appropriate) to provide input into the IPP.

IPP planning conferences will take place in September.

IPP review dates will be November 30th, 2022, March 24th, 2023, June 27th, 2023. They will be ready for signature by November 30th, 2022.

English as a Second Language (ESL) Proficiency Assessments

For students learning English, ESL Proficiency Assessments measure English abilities in four areas: listening, speaking, reading and writing. Teachers use a variety of tools each year to help them plan lessons and communicate with you about your child's progress in learning English.

ESL Proficiency Benchmarks for students, who are learning English, will be shared with parents through SchoolZone by November 18th, 2022.

Grades/Marks and Codes

To determine your child's grade/mark at the end of a reporting period, teachers use evidence of what your child has learned and their professional judgment.

At Steele Heights School, student grades/marks are reported using letter grades for core subjects; Language Arts, Social Studies, Science, and Mathematics. Letter grades are also used for Physical Education, Health and Complementary courses (options). Percentage grades will appear on interims for core subjects.

Exemplary – A (80 - 100%)	Proficient – B (65 - 79%)	Adequate – C (50 - 64%)	Limited – D (0 - 49%)
<i>(Adapted from Alberta programs of study)</i>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning goals are met in an astute and comprehensive way. Assignments are well crafted, organized in a purposeful fashion, and demonstrate attention to precise details. Demonstrates an in-depth understanding and degree of skill on summative assessments. Has assembled an in-depth understanding of the concepts, generalizations and skills fundamental to the program. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning goals are met in a practical and thorough way. Assignments are complete, organized in a competent fashion, and demonstrate attention to relevant details. Demonstrates a substantial understanding and degree of skill on summative assessments. Has assembled a thorough understanding of the concepts, generalizations and skills fundamental to the program. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning goals are met in an appropriate and reasonable way. Assignments are generally complete, organized in an acceptable fashion, and demonstrate attention to predictable details. Demonstrates a satisfactory understanding and degree of skill on summative assessments. Has assembled a basic understanding of the concepts, generalizations and skills fundamental to the program. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Student has demonstrated insufficient performance in relation to learner outcomes.

Grade Level of Programming (GLP)

GLP shows the current grade level at which a student is being taught. This is usually the same grade in which a student is enrolled. GLP appears on each progress report for English and French language arts, math, science and social studies. GLP also appears for language arts in the target language in bilingual programs.

Division-Approved End-of-Term and End-of-Course Codes

On your child's progress report, a teacher may use these Division codes for end-of-term and/or end-of-year grades/marks.

IEA	Insufficient Evidence Available	IEA is used only as an end-of-term code when a teacher does not have enough evidence about a student's progress to give a grade/mark at the end of a term. IEA is not used as a final course code.
NGC	Not on Graded Curriculum	NGC is used only as an end-of-term code when a student, identified as having special education needs, is not on the graded curriculum and is issued a progress report. It is also used when a student in Grade 1 or higher is continuing to work toward learning outcomes in the Kindergarten Program Statement. A student with an end-of-term code of NGC will have a GLP of <1.
CMU	Course Mark Unavailable	CMU may be used only at the end of a course when a student has a code of IEA in at least one term. CMU indicates that a teacher does not have enough evidence over an entire course to give a final grade/mark. CMU may also be used at the end of a course when a student has a code of NGC in at least one term. CMU may also be used as an end-of-term code for courses that are completed at the end of that term (i.e., Junior High option courses).

Division-Approved Codes for use on Individual Student Reports in SchoolZone:

On your child's individual student reports issued before the end of a term, a teacher may use these Division codes.

The following codes provide information about exceptional circumstances regarding the collection of evidence.

OMIT	Omit	Evidence has already been or will be collected to inform professional judgment.
IEA	Insufficient Evidence Available	Sufficient evidence is not yet available.
RNE	Replaced with New Evidence	This evidence has been replaced with more relevant evidence that demonstrates student understanding of the expected learning outcome.

The following codes provide information about evaluation of student achievement and growth.

E	Exemplary	The student has exemplary knowledge, skills and understanding of concepts and is able to transfer understanding independently in new situations. The student may require support to further extend understanding of concepts.
P	Proficient	The student has proficient knowledge, skills and understanding of concepts that can be applied in familiar situations. The student may require occasional support to transfer learning to new situations.
AD	Adequate	The student has adequate knowledge, skills and understanding of concepts. The student requires support and/or further experiences to develop a deeper understanding of concepts and apply learning in familiar and new situations.
L	Limited	The student has limited knowledge, skills and understanding of concepts. The student requires support to develop and apply learning in highly structured situations.
IEA	Insufficient Evidence Available	Sufficient evidence is not yet available to provide an informed judgment of the student's achievement and growth.

How We Determine Student Grades/Marks

At Edmonton Public Schools, we determine grades in a variety of ways.

Formative Assessment

Throughout the year, your child will work on many activities that help them increase what they know, understand and are able to do. These activities show your child's teacher how they are doing, what their strengths are and where they can improve in relation to the Alberta programs of study. This is called formative assessment.

Teachers use this information to adjust their teaching, give your child feedback to help them improve and prepare your child for times when they will receive grades.

Summative Assessment

During the school year, your child will have a chance to show what they have learned in relation to the Alberta programs of study. Using their judgment as professionals, teachers make decisions and determine grades that describe how your child is learning. They base these decisions on what they've seen your child do (observations), discussions they've had with your child (conversations) and the work your child has completed (products).

Missing or Incomplete Student Work

Principals must make sure that teachers communicate with parents/guardians promptly and regularly about missing or incomplete student work. This is outlined in Administrative Regulation [GKB.AR Standards for Evaluation](#), section 4:

4. Principals must work with their teachers to comply with the following:
 - a. evidence of student achievement has been collected by the teacher;
 - b. communication plans for reporting student achievement and growth to parents/guardians are developed and aligned with school-wide assessment and intervention plans;
 - c. a student has been given multiple opportunities and ways to demonstrate his/her learning;
 - d. follow up has occurred to determine the reason when a summative assessment item (assignment, test, project, etc.) is missing or incomplete, and that opportunities for the student to fulfill the requirement of the summative assessment item (assignment, test, project, etc.) are provided;
 - e. if the student continues to be unsuccessful, the student/parents/guardians will be informed and the teacher will solicit a solution in consultation with the student's parents/guardians to hold the student accountable and/or plan for further learning;
 - f. teachers will engage in on-going, timely communication with parents/guardians/students and the principal regarding missing or incomplete work; and
 - g. providing 4. b–f have been followed, the teacher can assign the student a mark of zero for that missed summative assessment item (assignment, test, project, etc.).

When your child has missing or incomplete work, we will:

- follow up with students and parents to understand the cause of the missing work
- allow reasonable opportunities for the student to complete the missing work; this may include time provided during the day if appropriate teacher support can be provided
- provide the student with support, which may include one-on-one support, group support, peer tutoring, incentive programs or drop in support during lunch time or before/after school
- where key assessments are missed, we will allow reasonable opportunities for the student to show that they know the key concepts involved in the assessment
- communicate with parents the learning activities/outcomes that have been missed through phones class, emails, interim reports, and/or meetings.

Course Outlines

At Steele Heights School, course outlines are shared with students (in class & google classroom) and with parents on SchoolZone. Parents can also request course outlines by contacting the teachers directly via email or by calling the school at 780-478-5319.

Links to Alberta Education will be available on SchoolZone so students and parents can access curricula for all subjects at the grade 7, 8 and 9 levels.

Curriculum Summaries

[Curriculum at a Glance](#) (Alberta Education)

The Role of Homework

Homework is meant to:

- help support your child's learning;
- reinforce what your child learned in school; and
- give your child more practice.

At Steele Heights School, our homework practices reflect the belief that students are active participants in their own learning. Homework is an opportunity to reinforce learning and share what they know with parents. Homework is an essential part of the school routine and of lifelong learning. Homework develops good study habits and ensures success in future studies. Homework is not new learning, but rather, review and practice of material already learned.

Homework consists of:

- completion of work not finished in class
- completion of daily assignments
- work on long term assignments/projects
- review of new learnings
- study for exams and tests
- reading practice

When students are away on short-term absences (1-3 days), reasonable opportunities will be provided for students to complete any work they have missed. Parents should be aware that many learning opportunities provided during class time may not lend themselves to further replication (whole class discussions/debates, simulations, etc.) and therefore, every effort should be made to ensure that students are present during school time. If you have scheduled a holiday during school time, we would appreciate notice well in advance, so that teachers can communicate with parents about what the child will be missing. Teachers are not required to develop handouts or specific lessons for extended holiday time. Evaluation may indicate “unable to assess” or “absent during this unit” on the progress report.

Academic Integrity

Cheating is not acceptable. This includes plagiarism (copying someone else’s work and passing it off as your own), copying, stealing tests or assignments and getting answers for a test or assignment in advance. Cheating also includes giving answers or work to others to claim as their own.

If your child is suspected of plagiarism or cheating, school administration will meet with them and take action in accordance with Administrative Regulation [HG.AR Student Behaviour and Conduct](#).

Grades/Marks Appeal Process

To appeal the grade/mark your child has been given, contact the classroom teacher. If you can’t resolve the appeal with the teacher, the principal will make a decision and explain it to you. The principal’s decision is final. A principal’s authority to do this is set out in the [Education Act](#).

The Role of Large Scale Tests

What is the Canadian Achievement Test (CAT4)?

The **Canadian Achievement Test (CAT4)** measures students' reading comprehension, mathematics, computation and estimation skills. CAT4 will support instruction and planning for interventions and supports. The CAT4 is administered in the fall and again in the spring to provide information about student growth.

Who takes the CAT4?

- students in Grade 4 to Grade 9 in regular and bilingual programs
- students in Grade 4 to Grade 9 in French Immersion

The CAT4 Fall administration dates are September 19, 2022–September 29, 2022.

The CAT4 Spring administration dates are May 1, 2023–May 12, 2023.

What is the Highest Level of Achievement Test (HLAT)?

The **Highest Level of Achievement Test (HLAT)** measures students' writing skills compared with the Alberta programs of study in language arts. It shows teachers in each school how well their students are doing and how they compare to students across the Division.

Who takes the HLAT?

- students in Grade 1 to Grade 9 in English language arts
- students in Grade 2 to Grade 9 in French Immersion and bilingual programs*
- students in Grade 8 and Grade 9 in Late French Immersion

*the bilingual HLAT is called the bilingual writing assessment tool and is specific to certain languages (e.g., Chinese bilingual writing assessment tool, Arabic bilingual writing assessment tool)

The HLAT administration dates for students in English Language Arts are April 17–April 21, 2023.

What are Provincial Achievement Tests?

The **Provincial Achievement Tests (PATs)** measure how well students across Alberta are learning content as described in the programs of study. Average PAT scores for the school are shared publicly to show how Alberta students are doing, compared to provincial standards. Results from PATs help schools, school authorities and the province monitor and improve student learning.

While PATs are an important part of determining student growth and achievement, they are just one part of the assessment process.

According to **Alberta Education**:

“PATs are only one of many ways to evaluate student learning and are not meant to replace day-to-day teacher observations and classroom assessment. They are sources of information that must be interpreted, used and communicated within the context of regular and continuous assessment by classroom teachers.”

Who takes PATs?

- students in Grade 6 and Grade 9 in English or French language arts, math, science and social studies write PATs

When are PATs administered?

- PATs are typically administered in the spring
- PATs for Grade 9 are as follows:
 - May 15th Language Arts Part A
 - June 15th, Math Part A; June 19th Science; June 20th Language Arts Part B; June 22nd Math Part B; June 23rd, Social Studies

The Alberta government expects school divisions to report the scores from Grades 6 and 9 PATs. We will report the results to students and parents/guardians in the following way: SchoolZone